

10 READING RULES – SHORT DESCRIPTIONS

#	RULE NAME	SOME INFORMATION ABOUT THE RULE	GREEN BOOK PAGE #
1.	LONG VOWELS (ا و ي)	What are 3 long vowel letters? How are they written and pronounced a. long vowel letters with short vowels on them b. long vowel letters with sukoon on them c. long vowel letters next to each other d. Difficult Words	12 – 24 a. N/A b. 27 c. N/A d. N/A
2.	TANWEEN	What is tanween and how it is written in 3 ways. How is it read? - Exception about ha & hamzah	32
3.	WOW LEEN AND YA LEEN	Having a sukoon on و or ي AND having a fathah on previous letter creates the swinging sound in Arabic such as Cycle, Layla, Time, Mound, - Shaddah with wow leen & yah leen	28
4.	SHORT FORM OF LONG VOWEL LETTERS	Long vowels letter (ا و ي) can be written as Tashkeelaat (symbols)	38
5.	MADDAH & MUQATI'AA	These two tashkeel elongate the long vowel letter. In Muqati'aat words, these tashkeel requires to make each individual letter be elongated	50 & 53
6.	LETTER WITH SUKOON BEFORE LETTER WITH SHADDAH	Normally called the <u>Unnamed Rule</u> , the reader should omit the letter with sukoon if immediate next letter has a shaddah on it - Its application as "Sun" & "Moon" letters	55
7.	HAMZA TUL WASL	Alif with this special symbol connects the letter before it and after it but Alif itself is omitted in reading	83 of white book
8.	SMALL LETTERS	Simple reading rule for "little" letters shown on words in Quran a) LITTLE MEEM م BEFORE BA ب b) NOON QUTNI ن c) LITTLE SEEN س ALLOWED TO BE READ AS SUAD ص	a. 58 b. 59 c. 62
9.	TA MARBOOTAH ة	It is read as letter ه if we stop at the word. It is read (and opened as letter ت in writing) if the reader does not stop at the word	61
10.	RAMOOZ AUQAAF	Punctuation in Quran verses (first lesson in Arabic 3)	N/A